

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note : Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question each from Unit I, II, III & IV. Question No. 9 is compulsory.

UNIT - I

1. Define operation research. Explain different techniques and tools of OR. (10)
2. Explain in detail the following OR models:
  - (a) Inventory models
  - (b) Routing models
  - (c) Allocation models
  - (d) Queuing models

(4×2½=10)

UNIT - II

3. A firm manufactures two items. It purchases castings which are then machined, bored and polished. Castings for items A and B costs Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 respectively and are sold at Rs. 5 and Rs. 6 each respectively. Running costs of the three machines are Rs. 20, Rs. 14 and Rs. 17.50 per hour respectively. Capacities of the machines are:

	Part A	Part B
Machining Capacity	25/hr	40/hr
Boring Capacity	28/hr	35/hr
Polishing Capacity	35/hr	25/hr

Formulate the L.P. model to determine the product mix that maximizes the profit. (10)

4. Find the basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem by north - west corner rule. Also find the optimal transportation plan.

	1	2	3	4	5	Available
A	4	3	1	2	6	80
B	5	2	3	4	5	60
C	3	5	6	3	2	40
D	2	4	4	5	3	20
Required	60	60	30	40	10	200
						Total

(10)

UNIT - III

5. A person repairing radios finds the time spent on the radio has exponential distribution with a mean of 20 mins. If the radios are repaired in the order in which they come in and their arrival is approximately Poisson with an average rate of 15 for 8-hour day, what is the repairman's expected idle time each day? How many jobs are ahead of the average set just brought in? (10)
6. In a game of matching coins, player A wins Rs. 2 if there are two heads, wins nothing if there are two tails and loses Rs. 1 when there are one head and one tail. Determine the payoff matrix, best strategies for the player and the value of game to A. (10)

UNIT - IV

7. Explain the following terms used in PERT:
  - (i) Optimistic time
  - (ii) Most likely time
  - (iii) Pessimistic time

(3½+3½+3=10)

8. Tasks A, B, C,....., H, I constitute a project. The precedence relationships are:

$A < D$ ;  $A < E$ ;  $B < F$ ;  $D < F$ ;  $C < G$ ;  $C < H$ ;  $F < I$ ;  $G < I$ .

Draw a network diagram to represent the project and find the minimum time of completion of the project when time, in days, of each task is as follows:

Also identify the critical path.

Task	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Time	8	10	8	10	16	17	18	14	9

(10)

**(Compulsory)**

9. a. Give two definitions of a model.
- b. Differentiate between deterministic and probabilistic models?.
- c. Write four advantages of linear programming method.
- d. What is degeneracy in transportation problems?
- e. Differentiate between balanced and unbalanced transportation problems.
- f. What is looping in transportation problems?
- g. Define a CPM and its two advantages.
- h. What is a balanced assignment problem?
- i. Mention two limitations of critical path.
- j. What do you mean by slack? (10×2=20)