## May-24-0377

# CS-301 (Data Structures) [CSE, IT] B.Tech. 3rd (CBCS)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note: Each question carries 10 marks. Attempt one question each from section ABCD. Section E is compulsory and carries 20 marks.

#### SECTION - A

- What is the difference between primitive, derived and abstract data types? Also give the difference between linear and nonlinear data structures with example. (10)
- 2. Why do you think that an array is classified as a data structure? Write two different algorithms to delete duplicate numbers from a linear array. In one of your algorithms, space complexity should be constant. What are the time complexities of both of your algorithms? (10)

# SECTION - B

- What do you mean by Stack? Write algorithms for PUSH and POP operations while implementing a stack using an array. How will you implement two Stacks using a single array (in most efficient way)? Write algorithms for defining PUSH1 and POP1 for stack1 and PUSH2 and POP2 for Stack2. (10)
- 4. Write algorithms to implement a LINEAR queue using both array and linked list. Don't forget to consider overflow and underflow conditions for both implementations. Do you need a circular queue while implementing it with linked list. If yes, then provide the application of such a queue, if no, then explain why? (10)

2 SECTION - C

### CS-301

- What is a binary tree? Write an algorithm for preorder traversal and convert the following algebraic expression "5" (6+2)-12/4" into prefix notation using the same. (10)
- 6. Define Graph. What is adjacency matrix and discuss various adjacency matrix techniques to implement directed graph, undirected graph and a weighted graph? Which type of matrix will be created while implementing an undirected graph? Can an adjacency matrix be created for a weighted multigraph?

(10)

#### SECTION - D

- Write an algorithm for Quick Sort. What is its complexity for both worst and average case? Also sort C, O, M, P, U, T, E, R in increasing order using Quick Sort. (10)
- Explain Hashing. Define some hash functions like folding method. How is collision resolved using quadratic probing?

## SECTION - E (Compulsory)

- 9. Write short note on following: (any five)
  - When will you say an algorithm is efficient? Give the notations for time complexity.
  - (ii) What is balanced and unbalanced partitioning in Quick Sort?
  - (iii) What is a left and right skewed binary search tree? Why you do not prefer them?
  - (iv) Is it possible to apply binary search on a linked list?
  - (v) Write the role of a stack in 'function' call.
  - (vi) Radix Sort.

(5×4=20)